

$$\int 3x^2 \sqrt{x^3+1} dx$$

\xrightarrow{du}
 $\underbrace{\sqrt{x^3+1}}_{\sqrt{u}} \quad \int \sqrt{u} \underbrace{3x^2 dx}_{du}$

$$u = x^3 + 1$$

$$du = 3x^2 dx$$

(1) Do you see a function in a function?

(2) Do you see its derivative "hanging around"?

↳ within a constant factor

$$\int \sqrt{u} du$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int u^{\frac{1}{2}} du &= \frac{2}{\frac{3}{2}} u^{\frac{3}{2}} + C \\ &= \frac{2}{\frac{3}{2}} (x^3+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} + C \\ &= \frac{2\sqrt{x^3+1}^3}{3} + C \end{aligned}$$

$$\int 3x^2 \sqrt{x^3+1} dx$$

$$\int \sqrt{u} \cdot 3x^2 \cdot \frac{1}{3x^2} du$$

$$\int \sqrt{u} du$$

$$\text{Let } u = x^3 + 1$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 3x^2$$

$$du = 3x^2 dx$$

$$\textcircled{dx} = \frac{1}{3x^2} du$$

$$\int x^n dx$$

$$\frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + C$$

$$\int x^{\frac{1}{2}} dx$$

$$\frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\frac{3}{2}} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \cdot x^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int 3x^2 \sqrt{x^3+1} dx$$

$$\text{Let } u = x^3 + 1 \\ du = 3x^2 dx$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{u} du$$

$$\int_{-1}^1 3x^2 \sqrt{x^3+1} dx$$

$$\int_0^2 \sqrt{u} du$$

$$\frac{2}{3} u^{\frac{3}{2}} \Big|_0^2 = \frac{2}{3} (2)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 0$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{8}}{3}$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{3}$$

$$\text{Let } u = x^3 + 1$$

$$du = 3x^2 dx$$

$$u = (-1)^3 + 1$$

$$= 0$$

$$u = 1^3 + 1$$

$$= 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt{8} &= \sqrt{4} \sqrt{2} \\ &= 2\sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\int f(x) dx = F(x) + C$$

where $F'(x) = f(x)$

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx$$

$$\int dx$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x(1+y^2)e^{x^2}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{1+y^2} \frac{dy}{dx} dx = \int 2x e^{x^2} dx$$

$$\int \frac{1}{1+y^2} dy = \int 2x e^{x^2} dx \quad \text{Let } u = x^2 \\ du = 2x dx$$

$$\tan^{-1} y + C_1 = \int e^u du$$

$$\tan^{-1} y + C_1 = e^u + C_2$$

$$\tan^{-1} y + C_1 = e^{x^2} + C_2$$

$$\tan^{-1} y = e^{x^2} + C$$

$$y = \tan(e^{x^2} + C)$$